



# A STUDY ON CUSTOMER PERCEPTION TOWARDS ONLINE SHOPPING, NAMAKKAL

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## ABSTRACT

The present article is an attempt that has been made to study the customer perception towards online shopping at Namakkal district. In this study an attempt has been made customer perception on online shoppers has been playing a vital role in these scenarios day to day activities in the mind of customers. Customer perception is typically affected in the way of broadly such as advertising, reviews, public relations, social media and personal experiences etc.,. Today we say that customers are mind blowing while go for a online shopping because the wide range of internet facilities in the era. The questionnaire was prepared through the inputs taken from the past researches and also from the feedbacks of the pilot study. Thus the validated final questionnaire was used to collect data from 150 respondents. The researchers have adopted random convenient sampling technique to gather the data. The data are analyzed using the simple percentage analysis and ANOVA (analysis of variances) methods. The result of this study reveals that customers are intake in the future online shopping in the way of intention for getting a products through internet websites such as eBay, Flipkart etc.,. The study suggested that the advertisers need to focus on their every customer's effort to tab the market assuming that the influence of the television ads in the online shopping behavior.

**KEYWORDS:** Customer Perception, online shopping, Consumer behavior, Websites, Namakkal.

## INTRODUCTION

Customer's perception equities are built over a period of moment in time by hi-tech innovations, consistent high quality, hostile advertisement and encouragement and accessibility of the products is another influential success factor, as commodities are of small value, frequently purchased daily use items. So, there is always a chance of customer's discernment switching due to whim buying. (Prerna Kumar 2013) author pointed that the Organisations have long used the traditional media like television, cinema, radio and newspapers for promotional purposes of online shoppers in the mind of customers. Advertisements have been existent in various forms such as print, radio, outdoor are prefer to influence the online or internet shopping.

## OBJECTIVES OF THE STUDY

### PRIMARY OBJECTIVE

- The primary objective is to the study perception of customers towards online shopping.

### SECONDARY OBJECTIVE

- To determine consumer behaviour in online environment
- To identify the main influencers in online buying process
- To identify people's attitude towards benefits and risks of online shopping
- To find out the preferences of the consumer regarding the attributes of online shopping website.

## MATERIALS AND METHODS

A straight survey was used to collect the data for this study. It was administered to random shoppers at local respondents and to students at Namakkal district in the interior town. The survey questions were compiled from previous study questions pertaining to the electronic trade shopping behaviors [1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 11, and 12]. These questions were designed to gather data on the subjects' perceptions toward online shopping, especially their enthusiasm to perceived online. To validate the clarity of these questions, four professors and nine researchers were asked to read through the survey questions. Revisions to the survey were made based on the feedback received. The survey consists of 52 questions. Besides 7 questions on demographics, the remaining 17 questions were designed to examine subjects' customer perceptions on online shoppers.

The questions has been collected randomly from different region in the Namakkal district both interior town and exterior region. The questionnaire has been collected 210 and out of 210 One hundred and fifty (150) individuals provided responses to the survey. However, sixty of the responses were not completed, and thus were excluded from the result. Details on the subjects' demographics are provided in Table 1 and 2 below (Results and Discussion).

## RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

Table: 1 Subject's Demographics

Gender	Male 96(64%)	Female 54(36%)
Age (in years)	18-25 42(28%)	26-35 48(32%)
	36-40 39(26%)	41 and above 21(14%)
Marital Status	Married 54(36%)	Unmarried 96(54%)
Educational Qualification	Up to 10 <sup>th</sup> 24(16%)	Up to 12th 33(22%)
	UG 57(38%)	PG and above 36(24%)
Occupation	Farmer 21(14%)	Employee 15(10%)
	Business 24(16%)	Professional 15(10%)
	House wife 5(3.3%)	Student 70(46.7%)
Family income (per annum in lakhs)	Below 2 30(20%)	2-4 66(44%)
	4-6 33(22%)	Above 6 21(14%)
Place of residence	Urban 72(48%)	Semi-urban 42(28%)
	Rural 36(24%)	
Methods of payment while purchasing in online	Credit Card 39(26%)	Cash on delivery 75(50%)
		Transfer Online 36(24%)
Most preferable website to purchase product	Flipkart 51(34%)	Amazon 24(16%)
	EBay 27(18%)	Snapdeal 30(20%)
	Others 18(12%)	

## INTERPERTATION

It was the evident table 1 shows that the genders of the respondents on male (64%) of the online shoppers are perceived day to day activities, 26-35 age groups of the respondents (32%) are mostly preferred online shopping's in the Namakkal district in both interior and exterior region , most of the respondents are unmarried (54%) are preferred online shoppers because of the time constraints in the tight busy schedule , most of the respondents under graduate (38%) are preferred used to go with online shopping for getting the products at easily, majorities of the respondents are Student (46.7%) are go with online shopping because the internet is in his/her hand at any time to know the detail of the products, Mode of payment while purchasing in online Cash on delivery (50%) because some of the respondents are not trust the payment mode through internet, so especially in India most of the customers are used to preferred to go

with cash on delivery, Most preferable website to purchase product for Flipkart (34%) are the majorities' perceived online shoppers and remaining are not much perceived from online shopping .

**Table: 2 ANOVA**

	<b>Sum of Squares</b>	<b>Df</b>	<b>Mean Square</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>Sig.</b>
Between Groups	54.204	3	18.068	26.207	.000
Within Groups	100.656	146	.689		
Total	154.860	149			

In this table 2 we concluded that the [two groups] age (3<sup>rd</sup> question) and most preferable website to purchase product (13<sup>th</sup> question).

#### **NUL HYPOTHESIS (H0)**

There is no significant difference between age and most preferable website to purchase product.

#### **INTERPERTATION**

From the above table, it was identified that the calculated value (0.00) is less than the table value (0.05). Hence, the null hypothesis was rejected and was concluded that there is significant difference between age and most preferable website to purchase product.

#### **CONCLUSION**

The consumer's perception on online shopping varies from person to another and the perception is limited to a certain extent with the availability of the proper connectivity and the exposure to the online shopping has to be improved to make the customer satisfied. The perception of the consumer also has similarities and difference based on their personal characteristics usage based on their needs and demand. The study reveals that mostly the students are attached to the online shopping and hence the elder people don't use online shopping much as compared to the younger ones, so awareness has been fashioned in the coming era. Finally we are suggested that the online transaction should be flexible for the customers who perceived in shopping.

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